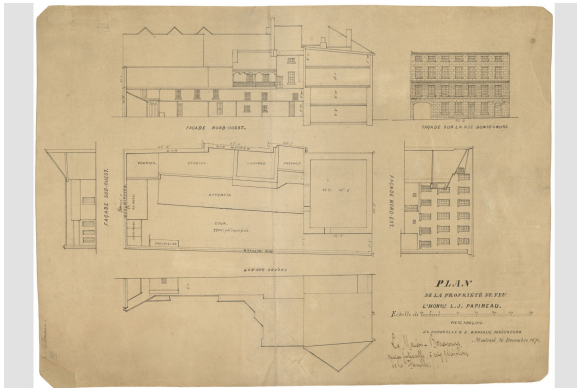


# Plan

<https://collections.pacmusee.qc.ca/en/objects/plan-2019-001-001-031/>

## Collections



Plan of the Papineau House on Bonsecours Street in Montreal. Drawings on strong cardboard in Indian ink. Illustrates the façade of the house on rue Bonsecours, as well as floor plans and projections.

**Accession  
Number** \_\_\_\_\_

**Artistes /  
Auteurs** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date** \_\_\_\_\_

**Medium and  
Support** \_\_\_\_\_

### Historical context

This plan shows the house of patriot leader Louis-Joseph Papineau, located at 440 rue de Bonsecours in Old Montreal. The “Papineau House” is also known as the “John Campbell House”, after the colonel who built it in 1785. Acquired by Joseph Papineau in 1809, it became the property of his son Louis-Joseph in 1814. The latter lived here from 1819, during his years as a member of the Legislative Assembly of Lower Canada, speaker of the House and leader of the Parti canadien, which became the Parti patriote in the 1830s.

During the Patriote uprisings against British rule in 1837-1838, Papineau was forced into exile for several years, from 1837 to 1845. The house on rue de Bonsecours became a hotel in the 1840s. Papineau returned to the house briefly between 1848 and 1850, before settling permanently with his family on his estate in Montebello, Outaouais. The house continued to be used as a hotel for several decades, but gradually fell into disrepair when the Papineau family sold it in 1920. Acquired in 1961 by musician and music critic Eric McLean, the house was restored to its 1830s appearance. Today, the house is owned by Parks Canada and is designated a National Historic Site of Canada, as well as being listed in the Quebec Cultural Heritage Register as a Classified Heritage Building.

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